by province of entry showed varying results: the volume of travellers using motels or motor courts ranged from almost 61 p.c. in the Yukon Territory to 25 p.c. in Saskatchewan; 28 p.c. of those entering Quebec stayed in hotels, a higher percentage than in any other province; in Saskatchewan, almost 35 p.c. of the visitors stayed with friends or relatives but only 15 p.c. in Alberta specified such accommodation. Vacation cottages continued to be the most popular in Ontario, attracting almost 22 p.c. of its visitors. Tourist homes, most popular with persons entering through Nova Scotia, were of little significance in the western provinces which, however, recorded the highest percentage of campers and trailer coaches.

Survey statistics on milage showed that United States motorists remaining in Canada one day or less had travelled 153 miles while in Canada, those remaining two days had covered 232 miles and motorists travelling for three days or more had averaged 688 miles. The maximum milage travelled occurred during the third quarter when motorists remaining three days or more averaged 768 miles. Average milage by purpose of trip for those respondents staying three days or more shows recreation with 686 miles, business 602 miles, visiting friends and relatives 497 miles, and shopping 270 miles. Milage was also influenced by destination and province of entry. United States motorists reporting a destination within the province of entry travelled only 501 miles while those proceeding to destinations outside the province averaged 1,396 miles. Generally, all milages reported were lower than in 1957.

Table 8 shows milage travelled in Canada reported by United States motorists and Table 9 gives the percentage distribution of destination in Canada of United States motorists, classified by province of entry. The figures show that 21 p.c. of the respondents remaining in the country three days or more travelled beyond the province of entry.

8.—Average Milage Reported by Motorists from the United States, by Province of Destination and of Entry, 1958

Note.—Information reported on special survey questionnaires (see text p. 1054) by travellers remaining in Canada three days or more.

Province of Destination	Province of Entry	Average Milage Travelled	Province of Destination	Province of Entry	Average Milage Travelled
		No.			No.
Newfoundland	Newfoundland Other provinces Canada	2,195.3	Manitoba	Manitoba Other provinces Canada	428.6 948.5 566.4
Prince Edward Island.	Prince Edward Island Other provinces Canada	1,143.1	Saskatchewan	Saskatchewan Other provinces Canada.	878.8 1,486.1 1,059.7
Nova Scotia	Nova Scotia Other provinces Canada		Alberta	Alberta	980.2
New Brunswick	New Brunswick Other provinces Canada	1,444.6		Other provinces Canada	1,457.8 1,223.7
Quebec	Quebec Other provinces Canada	418.3 1,020.6 652.4	British Columbia	British Columbia Other provinces Canada	353.6 1,849.5 416.1
Ontario	Ontario Other provinces	523.5 921.0	Alaska (in transit to or from)		3,092.4
	Canada	535.8	Canada ¹		688.4

¹ Includes vehicles destined to Yukon Territory.